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METHODOLOGY AND THEORY OF LEGAL PSYCHOLOGY

PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIMINAL BEHAVIOR: VIEWS OF FOREIGN SCIENTISTS

G. V. Scherbakov, I. V. Lavrenteva

Abstract. The article begins the cycle of articles devoted to one of the spheres of scientific knowledge developing abroad psychology of criminal behavior. Psychology of criminal behavior is an independent science and its main prepositions are presented in the article; the authors pay attention to the fact that this is an interdisciplinary branch of psychology which is connected with other sciences such as sociology, general psychology, criminology, etc. Different aspects of understanding of criminal behavior from the point of view of different scientific approaches and theories are described.

Key words: psychology of criminal behavior, criminal behavior, criminal, lawbreaker, delinquent behavior, individual differences, criminology, theory of criminal behavior.

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DEVELOPMENT OF ADAPTABILITY OF MILITARY SCHOOL STUDENTS IN EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

G. I. Aksenova, P. Yu. Aksenova

Abstract. Subjectivity of military school students is examined via indices of its development, adaptation to educational environment being one of the main. It is shown that socio-psychological adaptation is the measure of student's subjectivity development. The levels of students' adaptation to university's educational process are presented, students' typology based on these levels are described. Optimal type (students with high level of adaptation), potential type (students with an average level of adaptation), reproductive type (students with low level of adaptation), desadaptive type (students with negative level of adaptation) are among them. An emphasis on possibility of changing the adaptation process via creation of external (educational) conditions and optimization of internal conditions as the result of psychological-and-pedagogical support of student's personality is made. External conditions (organization of educational activity, unity of psychological and pedagogical demands, psychological-and-pedagogical support of educational process) as well as internal (subject's activity, educational reflection, stress tolerance, etc.) conditions of students' adaptation

to learning in university are enumerated and described.

Key words: military school students' subjectivity, level of students' adaptation to learning in university, types of adaptation, level of adaptation, subject-activity approach to professional education, adaptation of students to educational process in university, external conditions of adaptation, internal conditions of adaptation, subjectivity, activity, learning reflectivity.

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THEORY AND HISTORY OF SUBJECTIVE HISTORICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL TIME NOTIONS

D. V. Sochivko

Abstract. The problem of forming of notion “subjective psychological (historical) time” in perspective of history of psychology and present-day state of the problem is considered in the article. It is shown that from the point of view of psychodynamic approach as well as others, L.S. Vygotsky's historical-cultural theory, B.G. Ananev's theory of individuality, for example, psychological and historical time constitutes unity considered in different aspects but at the same time indivisible in the subject's structure. From the position of objective examination of subjective being, historical and psychological time differs in the content of its components (past, present, future) but (due to subjective unity) has similar spiral structure that distinguish subjective time from physical one. Physical time is linear, past in physics overflows continuously through present to future, meanwhile due to time density present is vanishingly small. It is shown that psychological structure of time can be like physical that is linear and that corresponds to nonadaptive type of behavior and is typical for children. Spiral structure of subjective time corresponds to adaptive type of behavior in mature person.

Key words: psychodynamics, time, subjective structure of time, psychoid, historical time.

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SOCIO-PEDAGOGICAL REHABILITATION OF CHILDREN IN DIFFICULT LIFE SITUATIONS, AS AN INTERDISCIPLINARY PROBLEM

S. N. Tolstikova, N. I. Nikitina

Abstract. Year over year increase in a number of specialized institutions in Russia (social shelters, family support centers and child welfare, rehabilitation centers, specialized boarding schools, children's homes of family type, etc.) for children in difficult life situations impels the State to search new types and forms of further education and socialization for children without parental care. However, complex (interdepartmental) system for socio-pedagogical rehabilitation of children in difficult life situations is not enough developed in Russia. It is stated in the article that the problem of developing of the content, methods and technologies of realization of individualized variants of socio-pedagogical rehabilitation of pupils in specialized centers for children in difficult life situation is interdisciplinary. Specialists of different scientific branches and professional spheres (lawyers, teachers, psychologists, doctors, sociologists, etc.) should be involved in its solution. It is proved in

the article that such kind of institutions of social protection of children as state budgetary institution "Center for support of family and childhood" has significant potential in the field of selection and implementation of an optimal version of individual socio-pedagogical rehabilitation of a particular center's pupil (moving to children's house; transfer for further education in a foster or substitute family; put under guardianship or custody; return to biological family if prognosis for changes in it is favorable etc.). Principles (timeliness, appropriateness, comprehensiveness, flexibility and continuity), stages (diagnostic, design-forecasting, problem-solving, organizational, procedural and productive), content-technological basis and conditions of effectiveness of different variants of socio-pedagogical rehabilitation of pupils of the specialized centre for children in difficult life situations are described in the article. The practical significance of the article's materials is that they can be used for activities of psychological-pedagogical services in institutions of social protection of families and children, educational institutions, specialized centers for children and for training of psychologists, pedagogues on the problem of social-pedagogical rehabilitation of children.

Key words: socio-pedagogical rehabilitation; children in difficult life situation; centers for support of family and childhood

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PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PEDAGOGICAL SUPPORT OF DRUG ADDICTED PRISONERS: ANALYSIS OF THE PROBLEM, EXPERIENCE AND OUTLOOKS FOR RESEARCH

I. S. Ganishina, A. I. Usatkov

Abstract. A number of drug addicted prisoners have increased in penal system of Russia for the last decade. Optimization of a number of penal system employees; increased loading on psychological, educational, medical and supervisory services; lack of staff's professional competences in organization of diagnostic, preventive, educational, psycho correctional work with drug addicted prisoners; absence of integrated conception of psychological and pedagogical support of drug addicted persons - all these conditioned the necessity for revision and improvement of the system of rendering support to addicts.

The conception of penal system development up to 2020-th points out the necessity of searching and implementation of new individual forms of work that will render targeted psychological and pedagogical support to every convicted person subject to his socio-demographic, penal and psychological peculiarities; improvement of scientific and methodological level of psycho diagnostic and psycho correction; upgrading of scientific and technical support to psychologist's work; optimization of diagnostic tools and volume of psychological work; development of psychotherapeutic aspects in psychologist's activity; creation of departments for socio-psychological rehabilitation for

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APPLIED AND EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCHES

PSYCHOLOGICAL PARAMETERS OF CONVICTED WOMEN'S CORRECTION

N. A. Polyinin, D. V. Pestrikov, D. A. Kurdin

Abstract. Correction of convicts is the main function of penal system. The efficiency of correction depends on a number of factors, with psychological ones among them. Data about the increase in a number of convicted women compared to other convicts is presented. One of the approaches that further the decrease of a number of convicted women among the whole number of convicts is considered.

Empirical data with the analysis of study of person's psychological qualities that promote parole are presented. Differences in person's psychological quali-

ties of convicted women during serving sentence have been revealed. The results of study of released on parole women are presented. By means of statistics, significant differences between the groups have been revealed. Scale data of E.A. Chebalaova's method "Complex sturdy of convicted person" have been analyzed. Dynamics in changing of person's psychological qualities as a factor that is necessary for parole and as psychological criterion of convict's correction is analyzed.

Key words: convicted women, parole, psychological research, character traits, peculiarities of person's qualities, correction, penal colony.

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SOCIO-PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEMS OF RELEASING PRISONERS

A. N. Mikhajlov

Abstract. Conceptual grounds of convicts' re-socialization in present-day conditions are examined; problems of

re-socialization at its different stages are revealed. Special attention is paid to typical for convicted persons socio-psychological peculiarities at the stage of releasing. Social, psychological and educational measures that are carried out during person's imprisonment and aimed at preparation for release are described. Low efficiency of rehabilitation measures due to ambiguous attitude of convicts towards social values is one of the problems connected with preparation of prisoners to the release. It is necessary to differentiate prisoners with respect to important for rehabilitation criteria and devise such actions concerning special groups of convicts. Nowadays there some problems in rendering support by regional governmental agencies and social structures so that they may participate in post penitentiary re-socialization, social adaptation and social rehabilitation of released prisoners.

Key words: re-socialization, socio-psychological problems of convicts' releasing, penal system, subjectivity.

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CHARACTEROLOGICAL PECULIARITIES OF PROBATIONERS WHO COMMITTED CRIMES AT PROBATION PERIOD

O. A. Majorov, V. F. Engalychev

Abstract. The article is devoted to study of psychological peculiarities of probationers who committed crime at probation period. Typical personal peculiarities of probationers have been revealed in the result of empiric study; correlations between probationer's socio-psychological peculiarities and demographic indices have been studied; recommendations concerning prevention of lawbreaking in probationers have been proposed. The analysis of scientific sources and regulatory documents make it possible to define different approaches to understanding of conditional release: as a kind of punishment; special procedure for executing a sentence; special order of servicing a sentence; non-fulfillment of criminal penalty under conditions; measures alternative to punishment; means of educational character; adjournment in executing of a punishment and conditional release from real servicing of a sentence. The study of probationers' personality implies two approaches: social-roles approach that enables to see positions and functions that are objectively criminogenic because they impose on a person contradicting to law duties that can be fulfilled only at the cost of law breaking. The second approach is social-typological one that makes it possible to understand what kind of personality conditions are forming, to what social positions and

roles he is ready, how in corresponding conditions to overcome obstacles and solve conflicts. The analysis of empiric research data shows that probationers who committed lawbreaking are characterized by: low self-control, understated tendency to fulfill social demands, low precaution and consciousness, high involvement in social relations, ability to control and influence upon other people, adoption of other persons' control, aspiration for higher life-support, comfort, communication ("everyday" motivational person's profile), low social utility, strictly individualistic character of motivational directedness (other persons' and social interests are not significant for them), disposed to conservatism and rigidity, low level of intelligence and scanty thinking, unconcern, tendency towards extraversion, weak effort for implementation of social norms and demands, contemptuous attitude towards moral values, rejection of obligations, inability to organize own time and order of deeds' fulfillment.

Key words: convict's personality, characterological person's peculiarities, probation, probation period, socio-psychological prevention.

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ADOLESCENT'S DEVIATIONS AS SUBSTITUTING FORM OF BEHAVIOR

P. S. Alekseeva, N. Yu. Prokop'eva

Abstract. Causes of adolescent's deviations are analyzed in the article. Adolescence is always regarded as the period of special physiological and social vulnerability with unique susceptibility to the influence of environment which can be positive and destructive as well. Life orientation and directedness of behavior are formed under the influence of environment and surroundings. The image of Self and attitude to it are formed at this period. The majority of deviant forms of behavior take place at this period. Biological, mental and social factors can be the causes for adolescents' deviant behavior. Adolescent's behavior can be caused by deprivation of needs. Safety and belongingness needs are topical actualized needs in adolescence. Blocking of these needs result in their substitution and person's neurotization, to hostility and aggressiveness that is tendency to satisfy them by any means, this, in our opinion, being the cause for many deviant forms of adolescents' behavior.

Three groups of adolescents participated in the research: adolescents

who are engaged in graffiti, adolescents with normative (law-abiding) behavior and juvenile law-breakers. The results of the study showed that deviation of adolescence's behavior is caused by deprivation of personal space, that is characterized by such characteristics of personal territory as impossibility to choose friends, have own interests and values.

Key words: adolescence, deviation of behavior, needs, deprivation of needs, person's neurotization, the image of Self, person's psychological space.

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COMPLEX APPROACH TO UNDERSTANDING OF INDIVIDUAL WORK WITH THE CONVICTS

S. A. Kutyaikin, G. V. Kurbatova

Abstract. The efficiency of educational process is determined by the discipline and law order among those who are serving penalty in prisons. Analysis of disciplinary practice in penal system of RF among convicts in 2015 reveals dynamics towards increasing of the number of violations and flagrant violations of serving order. According to the authors' view, narrow understanding of "individual work" notion as pedagogical process limited by the frames of educational action promotes the restriction of correctional influence towards the convict. Individual work with convicts serving penalties in prisons is interdisciplinary definition and should be realized in a complex ways with close connection with all departments and services of penal system.

The authors emphasize the fact that many departments of penal system institutions render educational influence on prisoners, exercising thereby individual work with each of them, executing operational, security prevention etc. tasks. It should be mentioned that a number of penal institutions' departments carry out direct work with convicts (operational, security departments, guards, educational departments), other ones render indirect influence (departments of special accounting, rear departments, etc). The authors make an attempt to distinguish such notions as "individual approach" and "individual work" and reveal the essence of these definitions.

Key words: convicts, personality of a criminal, individual approach, individual work, penal system employees, penal code

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PSYCHOLOGY OF SOCIAL PHENOMENA AND LIFE QUALITY

SENSE OF DUTY AND TYPES OF CREDIT-DEBT BEHAVIOR

A.N. Lebedev, O.V. Gordyakova

Abstract. The subject of the study is correlation between individual psychological (personal) characteristics of debtors and types of credit-debt behavior. The objective was to reveal correlations between certain respondents' personal characteristics and types of credit-debt behavior. The problem of study of high social emotions (senses) and corresponding behavior is examined at theoretical level. Each social emotion, as a rule, defines several different types of social behavior. It is caused by the fact

that behavior is exposed to influence of social norms relevant to different social conditions. The hypothesis that high social emotions (senses) in social conditions become apparent in different ways thus making it possible to reveal types of such behavior was suggested in the study. Four types of credit-debt behavior and corresponding four psychological characteristics have been marked out. These are tolerance/frustration and debt tolerance/ frustration. Inquiry form and standardized questionnaire have been developed to study types of credit-debt behavior. Psychological tests (Big5, LSC etc.) were used in the research. The results of empiric laboratory researches and researches based on materials of collectors' activity are considered in the article.

At the first phase debtors of a number of Russian banks were questioned via call centre of collector agency Contrast (Moscow). The second phase of research was conducted on students of a number of Moscow universities. Significant correlations have been revealed between types of credit-debt behavior and person's personal peculiarities. Correlation between credit tolerance and "agreeableness" in Big5 (0,21; $p < 0,05$), positive correlation of credit tolerance and readiness to take risk (0,338; $p < 0,05$), negative correlation between avoidance of failure and indices of credit frustration (-0,410; $p < 0,01$) have been revealed in the study. Besides, it is shown that credit frustration correlates positively with extraversion (0,242; $p < 0,02$) and is characterized by the high level of neuroticism (0,226; $p < 0,03$). Individual-psychological (personal) characteristics differ significantly in persons with apparent credit-debt tolerance with respect to people with high credit-debt frustration. The results may be used in consulting practice to raise efficiency of collector agencies' activity. The following conclusions were made in the result of the study. It is reasonable to distinguish a sense of duty as high social emotion and debt or credit-debt behavior. Special meaning the phenomenon gains in crisis situations that are characterized by the phenomenon of social polarization.

Key words: credit-debt behavior, high social emotions, psychology of morality, sense of duty, sense of patriotism, psychology of personality, collector's activity, moral-ethic regulation of social behavior.

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PSYCHOPRACTICES

TRANSFORMATION OF ADOLESCENTS' IDENTITY ON SOCIAL NETWORK AS A PROBLEM OF THEIR PSYCHOLOGICAL SECURITY

K. V. Kabanov

Abstract. The problem of rule-making in information field in today's information (post-information) society is considered in the article. It is shown that the lack of accounting of differences in psychological characteristics of a man of industrial and information society that can be seen in modern text books on information law, calls into question the adequacy of the regulations developed on this basis. Three problems are solved in the study: the first one is to disclose within the theoretical analysis the essence of present-day personality's transformations under

the conditions of modern information society; secondly, to prove empirically their reality (by the example of adolescent's identity changing under the influence of their activity on social networks) and, thirdly, to justify the importance of their consideration in the development of legal norms regulating relations in information sphere. Theoretical analysis shows that the key transformation of the identity of the person of information society is undermining of the integrity of the Self, the erosion and fragmentation of subject's identity that are consequences of excessive information availability.

In the empirical researches that were carried out under the supervision of the author, statistically significant differences in consistency of identity among adolescents with different levels of activity in the virtual space were revealed. They demonstrate that teenagers with the low activity in social networks have developed a coherent and balanced identity, while the subjects with a high level of network activity are characterized by diffused and inconsistent identity. It should be noticed, that among virtual communities on which

they are signed in social networks there is no radical, destructive political, social, religious and similar groups, which distribute the content that render negative information influence constituting a threat of person's identity.

The author comes to the conclusion that in case of abstracting from concrete historical conditions of man's being and take into account only how he uses information technologies, but not as their use transform him, there is a risk to gain the distorted conception about the nature of possible threats in the information sphere thus significantly limiting discussion of approaches to its legal regulation.

Key words: historical type of personality, norm-setting in the sphere of information relations, information society, transformations of personality during information era, uncoordinated identity, the erosion of the «Self», information disorientation, loss of feeling of internal personal depth, the loss of authenticity, commodification of «Self», loss of privacy.

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PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PEDAGOGICAL PECULIARITIES OF FORMING READINESS FOR SUPPRESSION OF ILLEGAL ACTIONS IN OFFICERS OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS AUTHORITIES

A. A. Rozhkov, T. A. Khrustaleva

Abstract. The article is devoted to the problem of forming readiness to suppress illegal actions by means of physical power and special means in officers of internal affairs authorities. The analysis of activity of internal affairs officers shows that considerable part of officers' erroneous actions while applying suppressive measures is not the result of poor professional qualification, but has a psychological reason. The authors consider that such reason is the influence of certain situational factors on timeliness of decision making about application of physical power and special means on certainty about their actions. It is impossible to take into account the influence of all situational factors on efficiency of actions during officers' professional training that is why the most reasonable is to elabo-

rate the model of readiness for illegal actions' suppression, describe methodology of its formation and step-by-step analyze efficiency of its application, amend-ing subject to newly revealed conditions.

The review of model of readiness of officers for suppression of illegal actions by means of physical power and special means and technology of its formation is made. The model is based on propositions of A.N. Leont'ev and S.L. Rubinstein's activity approach and on P.Ya. Gal'perin's theory of step-by-step formation of mental actions and notions. Model includes elaborated by the authors special training and description of psychological-and-pedagogic conditions that are to be taken into account in professional training. It is aimed at formation in officers of internal affair authorities skills of legally correct analysis of situation and not to make mistakes in its evaluation, skills of legally correct argumentation of decisions and actions, formation of certainty about legality of own actions, training of ways of illegal actions' suppression and arrest of lawbreakers.

Key words: readiness for activity, model of readiness for illegal actions' suppression, factors of tension, method of training for lawful ways of activity, application of physical power and special means.

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TRENDS IN STUDY OF PERSONALITY DISORDERS OF CONVICTED WOMEN IN RUSSIAN PSYCHOLOGY

O. I. Sochivko

Abstract. Trends in study of personality disorders of convicted women are examined; the results of study of their behavioral peculiarities and emotional manifestations are summarized in the article. According to Yu.M. Antonyan's data, in

70% of convicted for intended killing or infliction of grievous bodily harm mental anomaly have been diagnosed. A.I. Ushatikov and B.B. Kazak specified that 30% of young convicted women have different mental abnormalities. I.F. Obrosov notes that emotional instability and dissocial personality disorders are the most widespread personal disorders (58%), hysterical disorders are diagnosed in 14,6% of examined convicts, other types of personality disorders constitute 15,4%. A.Z. Agalarzade pays attention to the fact that the percent of abnormal persons increases from 15,3% in penal colonies of general regime to 88% in colonies of high security and prisons. F.S. Safuanov notes that criminal actions in women are a response on psychotraumatic situations. A.V. Didenko specifies that, on the one part, convicts manifest indifference to own fate, on the other part, they demonstrate the state of excitation, suppressed aggression, demonstrative self-injury, while on the third part, increased vigilance, reticence and caution that help them to avoid admonitions and penalties are typical for them.

The analysis of theoretical and applied researches reveals ambiguity and insufficient elaboration of the problem of psychological manifestation of mental disorders, behavioral and emotional reactions in convicted women while serving sentences.

Key words: penal system, convicted women, mental disorders, dissocial personality disorders, psychopathic state.

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ASSISTANCE TO ADMINISTRATORS

ESCAPES OF CONVICTS AS A PROBLEM ASPECT IN ORGANIZATION OF CONTROL IN COLONY-SETTLEMENTS AND ON COLONY-SETTLEMENTS' DISTRICTS

M. A. Kirillov

Abstract. Escape from control as the most widespread penitentiary crime is considered in the article. Statistic data about escapes from colony-settlements, colony-settlements' districts for the last five years (2011–2015) are given. Based on literary sources regarding escapes of convicted settlers, review of documents prepared by Federal Penal service by

the results of analysis of organization of regime and security administration, reasons and conditions (factors) facilitating escaping situations in the objects under consideration have been revealed. Keeping of the convicts in settlements (districts of settlements) without guard but under control of administration and other specific peculiarities typical only for this type of correctional institutions brings convicted settlers closer to life conditions of free citizens, thus promoting escapes. Worsening of criminogenic structure of convicted settlers is one of the main reasons for increased number of escapes that is why personality of an escape criminal is examined in the study. Certain difficulties are connected with the ensuring of proper control under convicted settlers when they are away at industrial or agricultural objects or during treatment in civil medical institutions.

Taking into consideration optimization of a number of penal staff, the task of proper control ensuring for special contingent can be solved by the widening of possibilities of using electronic and other technical means of control such as electronic bracelets that are used by penal inspections for persons under control, for example. Every year convicts who have been recognized as breakers of established order escape during the period when the question of changing of correctional institution type is under consideration. In this connection the authors suggested that such type of isolation as prohibition of accommodation's leaving in free time for period up to 30 days should be used.

Key words: convicts, control, escape, colony-settlement, districts of colony-settlements, penal system.

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IMPROVEMENT OF EDUCATIONAL WORK WITH VARIABLE STUFF IN EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF FEDERAL PENITENTIARY SERVICE (FSIN) OF RUSSIA

A. V. Parshkov, E. A. Shhelkushkina

Abstract. In 90-th of the XX-th century a number of dissertations were devoted to general issues of improvement of administration's efficiency in law enforcement agencies (V.M. Anisimkov "Reformation of system of administration of agencies executing punishment in the form of custodial restraint (theoretical grounds, mechanisms of realization)", 1994; V.M. Morozov "State policy of reforming personnel of law enforcement agencies in Russia – social problem and significant factor of society stabilization", 1996). Somewhat broader the given problem was touched upon by a number of researches in scientific articles, monographs, scientific-applied publications (Volgin N.A., Gladkich V.I., Dorohov N.I., etc.). However the prob-

lem was considered from the point of view of state civil services and activity of law enforcement agencies except penal system's agencies and institutions. With that, examination of issues connected with proper adherence to state policy in law enforcement agencies and in particular in FSIN departmental educational organizations from the position of organizational-managerial approaches was not made. Social relations that are forming in the sphere of organization of educational work with variable stuff in educational organizations of FSIN are considered in the article. The authors with consideration to changes in the state for the last decade offer measures aimed at improvement of educational process's efficiency in FSIN universities and colleges that can be used in activity of FSIN educational units.

Key words: Federal Penitentiary Service (FSIN) of Russia, educational work in penal system, variable stuff in educational organizations of FSIN, Educational organizations of FSIN, penal system.

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PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF ORGANIZATIONAL AND STAFF CHANGES IN SYSTEM OF LAW-ENFORCEMENT BODIES OF RUSSIAN FEDERATION

A. O. Burtsev, N. V. Efimkina

Abstract. The article is devoted to study of psychological aspects of organizational and staff changes in the system of law-enforcement bodies of Russian Federation. Psychological support of organizational and staff changes are carried out in three directions: psychological work with employees before and after adoption of personnel decision; psychological work with office collectives and psychological support of administrative (personnel) decisions.

Psychological work with employees before adoption of personnel decision includes the actions directed at identification of the employees who are in crisis state, prevention of suicide incidents and prevention of person's professional deformation, as well as on carrying out measures of psychological correction of employees with the signs of violations of mental adaptation or over fatigue, psychological rehabilitation of these employees, their consulting on psychological aspects in regulation of family and household relations, prevention, solving and minimization of consequences of interpersonal conflicts.

Socio-psychological climate in office stuff, moral and psychological state of its members are analyzed; group psychological correctional and team-building actions are carried out.

To form favorable social and psychological climate, to improve style and

methods of employees' management special suggestions and recommendations for administrative board are developed; psycho correctional (to regulate mental states) and consultative assistance for administrators is rendered; measures for increasing of psychological and pedagogic administrators' competence are taken.

Key words: staff of law-enforcement bodies, organizational and staff changes, legal psychology, distortion of office information.

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ASSISTANCE TO YOUNG SCIENTISTS

INDIVIDUAL-AND-TYOLOGICAL PECULIARITIES OF SPORTSMEN—STUDENTS OF RF PENAL SYSTEM UNIVERSITIES WHO ARE SPECIALIZED IN CYCLIC KINDS OF SPORTS

**A. A. Zharkich, N. A. Ankudinov,
E. N. Kozhevnikova**

Abstract. When evaluating physical qualification of penal system employees, special attention is paid to their endurance. To develop general and special endurance, special attention is paid to promotion of cyclic kinds of sports that form a basis for development of a number of applied kinds of sports. Individual-and-typological peculiarities are the factors that determine sportsman efficiency in cyclic kinds of sport. In this context the study of individual-and-typological pecu-

liarities of sportsmen-students who are specialized in cyclic kinds of sport is timely. To study these peculiarities, special research was conducted in Academy of penal system of Russia. Significant differences in a number of individual-and-typological peculiarities between sportsmen of high and average qualification have been revealed.

Key words: sportsmen-students of universities of penal system of Russia, cyclic kinds of sport, individual-and-typological peculiarities of a person.

DURA LEX SED LEX

FORCED FEEDING OF CONVICTS: PROBLEM STATEMENT

A. V. Dergachev, A. P. Skiba

Abstract. Institute of convicts' forced feeding is not settled enough. At the legislative level, it is specified only in p.4 art. 101 of RF Penal Code but does not mention in Penal Regulations, Internal Regulations for educational colonies, Order of the organization of medical assistance to convicted persons serving sentences in prisons and detention. It reveals a number of shortcomings of the legislative regulation of convicts' forced feeding: the form of refusal of meal is not fixed; there is no regulation of convict's legal status (primarily, of his rights); it is not clear if forced feeding is compulsory feeding or a medical procedure of enteral introduction of drugs; procedure of control (verification) of grounds (according to p.4 art. 101 of RF Penal Code) for

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forced feeding is not stated; the list of actions for medical, operation, security etc. stuff is not specified as well as other officials who are to organize and realize forced feeding (supervising prosecutor, for example). It is proposed to consider convicts' forced feeding in the context of achieving the objectives of penitentiary legislation; series of theoretical and legal measures aimed at improving the efficiency of application of this legal institution are formulated.

Key words: forced feeding sentenced to imprisonment, regulatory issues, correction of the convicts, the prevention of new crimes, mutilation of the convicted person, the regulation of medical, surgical, operating and other correctional officers, the legal status of the convict.

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PREVENTION OF ORGANIZED CRIME: MAIN PROBLEMS

B. E. Koshelyuk

Abstract. Scientific and expert community have been discussing and elaborating conceptual apparatus of organized crime as well as main directions of struggle against this phenomenon since the second half of the last century. One of the most important State's tasks has been prevention of criminality, with the most dangerous organized form among them. Prevention of lawbreaking should be based on clear understanding of complex of social and economic causes of this negative phenomenon. Prevention can't be effective without knowing its reasons. General social prevention should play leading role. Just this type must destroy causative chain which gives rise to criminality. Coordinate program of struggle with criminality is the place where prevention should be the goal and final result. Only complex approach will make it possible to unite criminality prevention with problems in economy, policy, ideology, stereotypes of social consciousness.

Special preventive measures of law enforcement agencies are aimed at causes of individual and group criminal behavior. Exactly these law enforcement agencies, with Federal security service of Russia among them, contribute to general social prevention of criminality.

Consolidation of forces of society and State in struggle with phenomenon is one of the main directions in prevention of organized crime because not only actions of defense and law enforcement agencies are necessary for this struggle but joint actions as well. It should be men-

tioned that effective influence on causes of organized crime is possible at the State's level. They are in social, political, economic, moral and spiritual spheres, in struggle with drug addiction and illegal drug-smuggling and in control for financial sphere and prevention of corruption.

It is stated that law enforcement agencies in their work face with different definitions of organized crime that affects the work's efficiency and create collisions in strategic partnership with international organizations in the given sphere. Thereupon, general approaches, unified conceptual apparatus are necessary for struggle with organized crime.

Key words: prevention, organized crime, struggle, main problems, conceptual apparatus, law breaking, general social and special prevention, causes and conditions for corruption.

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ON THE ISSUE OF LEGISLATIVE AND LEGAL APPROACHES TO PENAL UNDERSTANDING OF EXTREMIST AND TERRORIST ACTIVITY

A. V. Zhrebchenko

Abstract. The results of comparative-legal and penal analysis of corre-

spondence between extremist and terrorist activity are given in the article. Topicality and significance of the problem is conditioned by the high level of prevalence of extremist and terrorist crimes, recent changes and additions to Russian legislation in the sphere of counteractions to extremism and terrorism, problems of qualification of extremist's and terrorist's manifestations, availability of debatable issues in theory and practice of penal law on the problem of interpreting of corresponding penal norms. Criminalists and lawyers under such circumstances should be interested in complex theoretical-and-applied works in which logically and thoroughly the problems of penal responsibility for extremist and terrorist crimes are elaborated.

The author discusses the items of penal code and Federal laws of RF in which legal grounds for struggle with terrorism and extremism are fixed. Theoretically important and practically significant ideas as well as proposals and conclusions are presented in the article. The analysis of certain problems of penal understanding of terrorism and extremism in terms of legislation in actual version and functioning materials of judicial interpretation of questions concerning counteractions to terrorist and extremist activity are made.

Key words: terrorism, terrorist activity, extremism, extremist activity, crime, judicial interpretation, notions' ratio, problems of penal responsibility, contradictions, similarity of phenomena.

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RESPONSIBILITY OF PARTS TO CONTRACT OF OBLIGATORY STATE LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE OF PENAL SYSTEM OFFICERS

A. I. Machkasov

Abstract. Obligatory state life and health insurance of penal system officers is a significant, from social point of view, legal institute aimed at ensuring of social protection of the mentioned category of citizens. To guarantee effectiveness of the given kind of insurance, legislator provides complex of measures of responsibility for parts (insured and insurer) of a contract of obligatory state insurance. Specific peculiarity of parts' responsibility according to contract of obligatory state insurance is the fact that insurer is responsible for insured, that is for penal system officers and not for each other. Despite of regulatory legal base that are valid in the sphere of obligatory state insurance, judicial practice indicates that cases of insured's appealing to court for protection of broken rights are often. Plaintiff's claims for recovery on insurance, contestation of amount of insurance money, recovery of penalty for ungrounded delay in payment of insurance money or re-calculation of the latter are among them. To solve existing situation and strengthening legal safeguards of insured persons for insurance money recovery in case of harm to life and health, proposals on improvement of valid civil legislation in order to reinforce responsibility of insurer in case

of refusal to pay insurance money are done.

Key words: obligatory state insurance, penal system, officers' life and health, responsibility, insurer, insured.

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ROLE OF SECURITY MEASURES IN INVESTIGATION OF CRIMES CONNECTED WITH ILLEGAL TURN-OVER OF DRUGS IN PENAL INSTITUTIONS

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Abstract. Problems connected with identification of security measures in investigation of crimes connected with illegal turn-over of drugs in penal institutions are considered in the article. The use and spreading of drugs result in different and sometimes very serious violation in regime of serving sentence that, in turn, may lead to more serious consequences (disobedience to prison's administration, committing of dangerous crimes, etc.). Active work of operative departments aimed at revealing and suppressing of delivery ducts and particular convicts is guarantee of success in struggle with this dangerous crime. Undoubtedly, that the main objective of security measures is ensuring of serving sentence regime in institutions of confinement. However, it won't be correct to reject the meaning of security measures in prevention and solving crimes connected with illegal turn-over of drugs on the territory of penal institution. While investigating such crimes, correct and timely planned penal officers' activity (examination of transport, examination of parcels, search of convicts' sleeping and working places) aimed at drugs' discovery or revealing facts indicative of acquisition, keeping or marketing is of great importance. Implementation of security measures renders essential help for investigator in investigation of the given crimes

and exactly that aspects are considered in the article.

Key words: security measures, investigation of crimes, activity of penal officers, convicts, acquisition, keeping and marketing of drugs.

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